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# THE CITIZEN.

AN INDEPENDENT  
WEEKLY

50c a Year.

Devoted to the Interests of the Home, School, and Farm.

50c a Year

VOL. I.

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1900.

NO. 51.

## THE CITIZEN

C. REXFORD RAYMOND, Editor.

Published at the office of

THE CITIZEN, Berea, Ky.

Entered at the Post office at Berea, Ky., as second class mail matter.

THE CITIZEN is nearly a year old. Its voice has reached many counties, and its weekly calls have brightened many homes. We think each member has contained some wise or inspiring word which has been worth the entire cost of the subscription.

The illness of the editor however has prevented the paper from doing as much as was expected.

Professor C. Rexford Raymond, well known in Berea and throughout a large part of Eastern Kentucky, will take charge of the paper some time next month. This arrangement makes it certain that the CITIZEN will be more valuable and more popular than ever the coming year.

Our next number will contain accounts of Commencement, the visit of Miss Helen Gould, the other distinguished visitors, and much besides that you will wish to read. Subscribe to day and make sure of this extra number without extra cost.

When will you have a son or daughter to graduate?

Where there's a will there's a way.

Commencement Day proves that Berea College is now known and appreciated throughout the whole land.

### Foreign News.

On account of the murderous "Boxers" of China the life of every foreigner is in danger. The powers are taking the matter in hand and marines from several Western nations have landed in Tien Tsien and Peking.

The editor of the Christian Herald Louis Kloppe has been making a tour of the famine districts of India.

The latest reports from South Africa are that Lord Roberts has occupied Johannesburg and the people are surrendering. Communications with Pretoria are shut off, but it is reported that Pres. Kruger has been captured.

### National News.

The Philippine commission reached Manila Sunday.

It is rumored that Aguinaldo has been shot and wounded by the soldiers of the Thirty Third Infantry.

The census enumerators at work now in the United States numbers 52,631 Kentucky has 1,318.

The Kansas farmers will begin this week to harvest the greatest wheat crop ever harvested in the state. The average is 4,685,819 and the crop is at \$5,000,000 bushels.

### Kentucky News.

The Confederate Reunion in Louisville closed Saturday to meet next year at Memphis.

An indictment has been issued against Wm. S. Taylor for the murder of Goebel.

It is believed that gold has been discovered in Sulpher Lick Creek Franklin county.

### Until Further Notice

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### Locals and Personals.

Pat Kern and family were in Louisville last week.

Rev. J. A. Burns, a former teacher, was in town last week.

Pres. Frost and several visitors arrived Saturday night.

Miss Lottie Woodford is stopping with Mrs. Woodford.

Bicycle repairing and Sundries at Coddington's Tin shop. J. C. Burnam.

Mrs. Dodge arrived home from Cumberland Gap last Thursday.

Helen Gould arrived yesterday in her private car to spend Commencement.

E. L. Robinson and M. M. Miller are busy taking the Census of our village.

Harry Coddington, who has been attending Purdue University, returned yesterday.

Miss Flora Tucker, of Milledgeville, spent Commencement week here with her friends.

Miss Fannie Hopper, of Madisonville, O., is here attending commencement.

Miss Nannie V. Miller and Mr. E. W. Morson visited Peyton town Sunday.

T. R. Johnson, of Lancaster, has been visiting Miss Lizzie P. Gentry, of our city.

Charles Coyle, who has been in the merchantile business in Indiana, arrived here Saturday with his wife.

Millard West, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue of the Eighth District, was in our city Saturday.

Miss Eva Woods, who has been visiting here for quite a while, left for her home in Lexington, Thursday.

You can be cheerful and happy only when you are well. If you feel "out of sorts" take Herbine, it will brace you up. Price, 50 cts. S. E. Welch.

The result of an over indulgence in food or drinks are promptly rectified, without pain or discomfort, by taking a few doses of herbine. Price 50 cts. S. E. Welch, Jr.

On May 29 Rev. T. L. Rount, '97, was united in marriage to Miss Mamie Fletcher at the home of the bride, Shelbyville, Ind. Mr. Rount has just graduated from Gammon Theological Seminary, Atlanta Ga.

If your child is cross or peevish, it is no doubt troubled with worms. White's Cream Vermifuge will remove the worms, and its tonic effect restore its natural cheerfulness. Price, 25 cts. S. E. Welch, Jr.

Much pain and uneasiness is caused by piles, sparing neither age nor sex. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment cures the most obstinate cases. Price, 50 cts. in bottle, tubes 75 cts. S. E. Welch, Jr.

Rev. L. W. Simmons, of Floral City, Florida, father of T. T. Simmons, who is attending school here, arrived in our city Friday on his way home from the Confederate Reunion at Louisville. He preached at the Baptist Church Sunday night.

When a knight of old entered a company of ladies he removed his helmet to indicate that he considered himself among friends, and that there was no need to protect himself. This practice has survived in the custom of raising the hat when saluting a lady.—June Ladies' Home Journal.

Announcement has been made of the wedding of L. L. McLaren and Miss Grace H. Barton, both former students at Berea. The wedding will take place June 14, at the home of the bride's brother, Rev. W. E. Barton, in Oak Park, Ill. The bride and groom will spend the summer in Oak Park.

There seems to be a revival of interest in needlework as an art. The Ladies' Home Journal asked for photographs of soft pillows, and the response to the request was almost overwhelming pictures literally pouring in. The judges who awarded the prizes for the best examples of this variety of needlework were greatly surprised at the artistic excellence of most of the specimens offered. Better work, and apparently very much more work, is being done with the needle than ever before. The Journal will have several pages showing fifty of the best of these pillows.

### A PROCLAMATION OF

### ECONOMY for the Spring and Summer Season in Men's and Boys' Fine Stylish Made

### CLOTHING!

We are prepared to cloth you with the Lowest-priced rightly made, absolutely all wool Clothing in America. Rightly made, as it is of famous "Vital" Brand the only ready-to-wear Clothing Tailored on a strictly scientific basis in clean, well ventilated workrooms. Perfect fitting and wear-resisting, because the inside, the "Vital," the very life of the garment, is carelessness in making, represents the expenditure of time and thought, and is a decided contrast to the tailoring seen in ordinary ready-to-wear Clothing. The Fabrics that we show are the very newest designs that will be seen this season. Many confined exclusively to us. In the face of the above facts—The most extraordinary feature concluding our great offer is that we can and do sell our Clothing at

### LESS MONEY

Than elsewhere. How can we afford to sell such high-grade Clothing for less money than elsewhere? Our answer is simple. Ours is a modern store constructed strictly on progressive plans; our Clothing is sold on the smallest margin of profit, depending on a large volume of business. The more Clothing we sell, the greater our purchasing power the lower our prices that is the story in nutshell.

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RICHMOND - - KENTUCKY

### Commencement Week.

The earliness of Commencement week is quite noticeable, especially to the students, as there has been no hot weather and everything has been favorable for study up to the closing exercises.

Memorial Day, Wednesday, was not included in Commencement week, but it came so near to that time that it gave the students a holiday and has been appreciated by them along with the other. The day was rather disagreeable and rainy, and the program of the day had to be changed to suit the weather, but it was good and greatly enjoyed.

Friday night occurred the anniversary exercises of the Literary Societies at the chapel. A good and appreciative audience was present to enjoy the excellent program presented. The numbers were well chosen and each showed work and careful preparation.

The four societies were represented as follows: Mandolin Trio, Phi Delta; John C. Chapin, Phi Delta; "A Students Vision;" Harold Johnston, Alpha Zeta; "Glimpses into the Future;" L. Williams, Beta Kappa, "The Call of the Age;" Cornel Duet, Phi Delta; Farce, Utile Dulce, "The Chronothatonatoletron;" Levi W. Beatty, Beta Kappa, "Ascension of Frederick Douglas;" Wallace A. Battle, Phi Delta, "Tenacity;" Perry F. Shrock, Alpha Zeta, "Opportunity." The societies are doing good work and are of great benefit to those who become active members.

The Senior Academy Exhibition was held Saturday with a well prepared and appropriate program. There were only four graduates, and they are surely entitled to the honors which they received. The class presented the following subjects: Edwin Embree, "Selections from Hypatia;" James M. Raer, "Dreams;" Miss Myrtle C. Burr, "Hard Things;" James E. Ewers, "The Porto Rican Situation."

Sunday morning Rev. W. H. Hubbard, of Auburn N. Y., addressed the graduates of the different departments. The sermon was strong and full of wisdom and impressed many helpful thoughts and suggestions to the students who are to soon leave school for other work. While there are but two graduates from the college proper, there are several from other departments which shows the extended work the College is doing.

Rev. W. B. Marsh, of Talmadge, O., gave the address before the Literary Societies at the chapel Monday night. The attendance was rather small but the address was fairly good.

I examine the eyes in the most intelligent and careful manner without charge. If glasses are needed I can supply the correct lenses mounted in any manner desired.

T. A. ROBINSON, Jeweler and Optician.

Berea - - KY.

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Having adopted The CASH System, our prices have been reduced to meet the demands of the CASH trade. You can buy more goods for CASH than on credit.

Call and examine our large stock of Women and Men's fine Footwear and Gent's Furnishings at prices much lower than ever before. Call and be Convinced.

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### The Berea Monument Co.

The result of good work and reasonable prices is that we now have customers in all parts of the State when you want

Anything in the monument line

Let us know and we will send you designs and prices

Headstones, \$6.00 up to any amount.

Marble and Granite Monuments ...

At prices to suit the times. Material and work first-class.

JOHN HARWOOD, Prop. 7-5-00 Berea, Ky.

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For 20 Years Has Led all Worm Remedies. Every bottle  
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.  
Prepared by JAMES F. BALLARD, St. Louis  
Sold by S. E. WELCH, Jr. 1-17-01

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C. I. OGG, Proprietor.

Up-to-Date Photos. Nothing But The Best Finish at the Lowest Prices. 6-28-00

### BURTON,

### The Photographer,

DEALER IN AMATEUR SUPPLIES  
Fine Photographs at Reasonable Prices  
Views about Berea a specialty.

6-28-00

### C. F. HANSON'S

### LIVERY

6-28-00

You Want GOOD GLASSES



IF YOU WANT THEM AT ALL  
Glasses that are not properly adjusted to your eyes are actually dangerous. Know it and you ought to know it. I will not attempt to suit glasses to your eyes until I know what is needed. Eyes examined free.

A Nice line of Novelties in JEWELRY.

T. A. ROBINSON, Jeweler and Optician.

6-28-00

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Berea, Ky.

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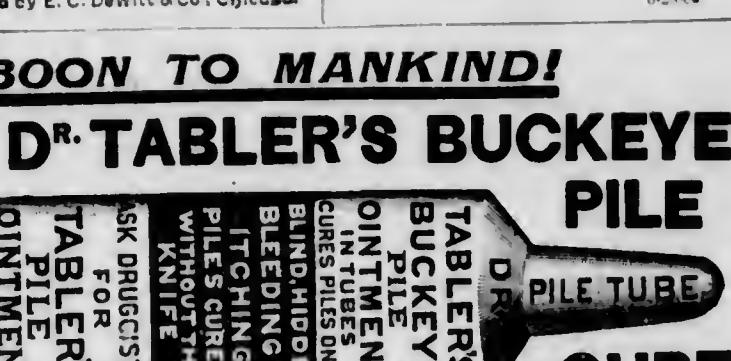
6-28-00

E. B. MCCOY, Dentist,

Berea, Kentucky.

6-28-00

### A BOON TO MANKIND!



A New Discovery for the Certain Cure of INTERNAL and EXTERNAL PINES, WITHOUT PAIN.

CURES WHERE ALL OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

TUBES, BY MAIL, 75 CENTS; BOTTLES, 50 CENTS.

JAMES F. BALLARD, Sole Proprietor, 310 1/2 Main Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

# THE CITIZEN.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.

BEREA, KENTUCKY

JUNE—1900.

Sun.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
...	...	...	...	...	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

A notice has been issued by the Parisian police warning the public, and especially foreign visitors, that a great number of false 5-franc notes are circulating in Paris and the large French towns. The notes are cleverly engraved and blended on special paper, resembling that used by the Bank of France, and inexperienced people may be easily deceived.

A new invention that is already on the market in Germany is that of artificial stone steps. A design imitating staircase carpets of any desired color is pressed into the steps when still soft, and as the design or figures penetrate to a considerable depth they last as long as the steps. Beautiful designs can be used and have been found suitable for fine residences.

Frederick W. Atkinson, who has been appointed superintendent of education in the Philippines, is 6 feet 4 inches in height, broad in proportion and of immense personal strength. Like Mr. Frye, superintendent of education in Cuba, he is a graduate of Harvard. He is 35 years old, and before receiving his new appointment was principal of the Springfield (Mass.) high school.

Queen Victoria's walking stick is one of great historic value, having been the property of Charles II., to whom it was presented by a citizen of Worcester. Originally it was a branch of the tree in Boscombe in which Charles I. hid when he was pursued by Cromwell's men. To the plain gold handle that it first had the queen has added a queer little Indian idol, a part of the lot from Seringapatam.

The model village of Biltmore, N. C., built and managed by Mr. George Vanderbilt, not only boasts of electric lighting for streets, but for houses as well, and, what is more, the residents have the advantages of electric heating and cooking. Electric cooking, says the Western Electrician, is a luxury beyond the reach of the average householder, but Mr. Vanderbilt's villagers enjoy it to the full extent of its present development.

The net value of the estate of the late John Ruskin has been sworn to at \$50,000. The \$1,000,000 he inherited from his father in 1841 he distributed fifteen years ago, retaining for himself only sufficient capital to yield him £1 a day. He bequeathed all his unpublished matter to Johnanna Severn and Prof. C. E. Norton, of Cambridge, Mass., and revoked a bequest to the Bodleian library of books, portraits and drawings by himself and Turner.

Bishop William Taylor, who is now on the superannuated list of the Methodist Episcopal church, has had a most eventful career. Previous to his retirement from active life four years ago he had preached continuously for fifty-three years. He began as a street preacher in California and then went to work in foreign missions. He has worked in Africa, Australia, India, South America, Asia and in most of the islands of the South Pacific.

The woodcock seems to be rapidly nearing the end of his race. The bird is not shot in the spring, but in many states the hunters are allowed to go after him in July. Early floods drown out his young; and, unlike quail, the woodcock is easily discovered and stops nesting. The bird commands a high price in the market and is followed relentlessly by the gunner who shoots to supply the table of the man who can afford to pay \$1.50 a head for his birds.

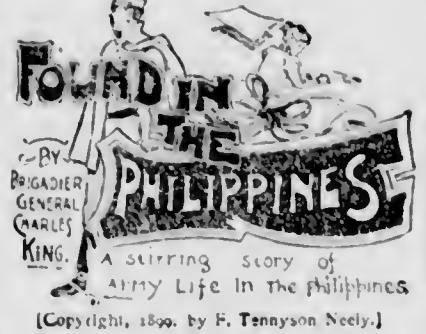
A novel and sensational divorce case has just been tried at Clinton, Ia. The plaintiff, Mrs. Albertine Kleinsmith, alleges that her husband, Michael Kleinsmith, kissed her, and that before doing so he smeared his lips with a subtle and deadly poison. She alleges that, immediately after she became deathly ill from the poison with which he had smeared his lips, and for some time her life was in danger, and was saved only as by a miracle. The husband denies the charge.

New York and other American centers of population are to furnish servant girls for London and other foreign cities. Norine L. Lees, a representative of the National Domestic Association, of London, arrived in New York the other day on the St. Louis. He is commissioned to engage an unlimited number of house servants, who will be guaranteed good positions in the best families abroad and whose passage will be paid by the association. Ladies' maids there receive as high as seventy pounds a year.

## THE QUIET HOUR.

They knowest all our trials, Lord,  
Each sin and need and grief,  
And Thou hast promised in Thy Word  
Sometime to send relief.  
But Thou hast set a task for each,  
As soldiers in a war,  
Who storm some point, the height to reach,  
Through battles' thunderous roar.  
  
Help us, for we are faint indeed!  
Our little strength increase,  
With manna true our spirits feed,  
And bid our fears to cease,  
From Thee great white throne far above  
Thou dost our conflicts see,  
O God of power, Thou God of love,  
Our Friend and Helper be.

Let purity and truth be ours.  
While here we dwell below,  
Accept and consecrate our powers,  
Make every virtue grow,  
Lead thus through each perplexing strife,  
Be with us all the way,  
Lift up our hearts from death to life,  
Crown them each passing day.  
  
Oh, when our hope is low,  
Its oil will alight again,  
As up the rugged path we go—  
The rocky, stony ascent—  
Be Thine the voice resounding clear  
With victory's thrilling ring,  
To tell Thy people Their all near.  
The needed aid to bring!  
—Anna M. Woodson, in Union Signal.



[Copyright, 1899, by F. Tennyson Neely.]

CHAPTER XIV.—CONTINUED.

No time need be wasted in telling the effect of this "assignment to quarters." Proliferate sources of squabbling as is the custom ashore it becomes intensified about, and, when coupled with it came a shaking up and rearrangement of seats at table, all hope of harmony vanished on the instant. The two brave young army girls still retained their seats at the captain's table; but two most estimable young women, Red Cross nurses, were dropped therefrom and transferred to that of the second officer on the port side, much to the comfort of a rather large percentage of their sisterhood who had regarded their previous elevation with feelings of not unmixed gratification. Then officers who had been seated with the general's staff had to vacate in favor of Mrs. Frank and Dr. Prober and Leon, Billy Gray, whose father and the chief were long-time chums, and the Red Cross nurses who had been at the first officer's table fell back to that of the third. It was every bit as good as the other, but it didn't sound so, and they couldn't see it; and there were faces sour as the product of the ship's baker when that evening all hands went down to dinner, and the silence maintained, or the ominously subdued tone of the talk, at the other tables was in marked contrast with the hilarity that prevailed where sat the gay-hedged, ruddy-cheeked old chief and the laughing garter that listened to the fan that fell from the lips of Witchie Garrison, Armstrong, silent and somber, at the captain's right, looking forward from time to time, saw only one face at the general's table that was not lighted up with merriment; it was the face of the boy he envied, if envy of this kind ever entered into his heart, and he wondered whether he looked at Billy's curly head what could have come over that glad young life to leave so deep a shadow on his handsome face.

One night, just one week later, Armstrong's eyes were opened. More than once in the meanwhile he had invited the young officer's confidence, and Billy, who three months earlier had been full of gratitude and frankness, protested there was nothing on his mind. He had been very ill, that was all. As to Canker's charges they were simply rot; he hadn't the faintest inkling what had become of the purloined letters, any more than he had of the whereabouts of his Delta Sig friend, young Morton, now officially proclaimed a deserter. But Armstrong heard more tales of Witchie's devotion to him in his illness, and the slow convalescence that ensued, noted how the boy's eyes followed her about the deck, and how many a time he would seek her side, even when other men were reading, walking or chatting with her. Armstrong looked with wonderment that was close allied to incredulity and pain. Was it possible that this blithé lad, who had won such a warm interest in the heart of such a girl as Amy Lawrence, could be forgetful of her, faithless to her, and fascinated now by this selfish and shallow butterfly? It was incredible!

But it was. The days had grown hot, the nights closer, and the air between decks was stifling when the sun rolled high and closed the ports. Officers had taken to snoozing upon deck in steamer chairs. By an unwritten law the port side of the promenade deck was given up to them after 11 at night; but the women folk had the starboard side at any hour when the crew were not washing down decks. Armstrong had been far forward about two o'clock one breathless night to see for himself the condition of things in the hospital under the forecastle. The main deck was crowded with sleeping forms of soldiers who found it impossible to stand the heat below; so on his return, instead of continuing along the gangway, he decided to climb the iron ladder from the main to the promenade deck. It would land him at the forward end of the starboard side. There he could smoke a cigar in peace and quiet. It was high time everybody was asleep.

But as his head and eyes reached the level of the deck he became suddenly aware of a couple huddled close together in the shelter of a canvas screen, and under the steps leading off to the bridge. He knew Gray's

voice at once, and Gray was pleading. He knew her tones of old, and she was impulsive, and listening with obvious impatience, for, almost at the instant of his arrival she spoke, low, yet distinctly: "Do as I say; do as I beg you when we reach Manila, and then come— and see how I can reward."

## CHAPTER XV.

Manila at last! Queen city of the archipelago, and Manila again besieged! The loveliest of the winter months was come. The Luneta and the Paseo de Santa Lucia, close to the sparkling waters, were gay every evening with the music of the regimental bands and thronged with the carriages of old-time residents and their new and not too welcome visitors. Spanish dances and damses, invisible at other hours, drove or strolled along the roadway to enjoy the cool breezes that swept in from the beautiful bay and take wistful peeps at the dainty toilets of the American belles now arriving by every boat from Hong-Kong. All the Castilian disdain they might look and possibly feel toward the soldiery of Uncle Sam gave place to liveliest interest and curiosity when the wives and daughters of his soldiers appeared upon the scene; and there was one carriage about which, whenever it stopped, a little swarm of officers gathered and toward which at any time all eyes were directed—that of the White Sisters. Within the old walled city and in the crowded districts of Binondo, Quiapo and San Miguel north of the Pasig, and again in Paco and Ermita to the south, strong regiments were stationed. In readiness to suppress the first sign of the outbreak so confidently predicted by the bureau of military intelligence. In great semicircles of over 20 miles, girdling the city north, east and south, the outposts and sentries of the two divisions kept watchful eyes upon the insurgent forces surrounding them. Aguinaldo and his cabinet at Malolos to the north had all but declared war upon the obstinate possessors of the city and had uttered no command to the troops that lay around the fortifications of Manila. The bloom of Nita's beauty was gone. She looked wan, white, even haggard. She had refused to leave Hong-Kong come to Manila until Magellan's arrival, then flew to the shelter of that sisterly wing. Frank Garrison had been occupying a room under the same roof with his general, but both general and aides-de-camp were now none abid, and Frank spent far more days and nights along the line of blockhouses than he did at home. The coming of his wife was unannounced and utterly unexpected for, "Did I consider my husband?" she exclaimed in surprise when asked the question one day by the wife of a veteran field officer. "Merciful heaven, Mrs. Lenox, there was no time for that except by cable, and at four dollars a word. No! If doubt of what Frank Garrison will say or do exists in my mind I go and do the thing at once, then the doubt is settled. If he approves, well and good; if he doesn't—well, then I've had my fun anyway."

But it made little difference what Frank Garrison might think, say or do when Nita's need came in question. It was for Nita that Margaret Garrison so suddenly quitted the Presidio and hastened to Hawaii. It was for her sake to be her counsel and protection, the elder sister had bravely refused, difficult as it was to meet the gaze of Americans—were allowed within the massive gates. There were tempos, even in Manila, she said. When the sisters drove their natty little Filipino team flashed through the lanes and streets at top speed, the spry victory bounding at their heels to the imminent peril of the cockaded hats of the decky coach and footmen, if not even to the seats of those trim, white-coated, big buttoned top-booted, impulsive little Spanish hussars. There were tempos, even in Manila, she said. When the sisters drove their natty little Filipino team flashed through the lanes and streets at top speed, the spry victory bounding at their heels to the imminent peril of the cockaded hats of the decky coach and footmen, if not even to the seats of those trim, white-coated, big buttoned top-booted, impulsive little Spanish hussars. The carriage stopped only at certain designated points, and only then when a group of officers stood ready to greet them. Not once had they been menaced by anyone nor approached by any manner fatigued resembling poor Latrobe; and Witchie Garrison was beginning to take heart and look upon that threatening letter as a mad piece of "bluff," when one day the unexpected happened.

To illustrate the feeling of Ireland toward the predominant party, an actor who has lately been touring tells the story of an old winter in a Dublin hotel. "When are you going to get home, John?" was the question. "See ye here, son," said the old man, "the only way we'll get home is to give old Ireland will be France an' Russia an' Germany an' Austria an' maybe Italy—if they would all join together to give those blayards of England a taste good hiding. But they'll never get there, anyway!" Thus, as he looked around, a twinkle of mirth and a smile of courtesy were added to the expression. "And the whole lot of 'em shod together couldn't do it," he said. "D'ye think the grand navy we've got?"—London Chronicle.

## How's This?

We offer the Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Larceny that cannot be solved by Hall's Extract.

E. J. Cheney & Co., Proprietors, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for over 13 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financial able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

West & Trux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Extract Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75¢ per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimony free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## Adding Factor.

Larry—Do you remember our old lamp that won't run (a lantern I had at home)? Well, he kin kin't hold it by himself.

Donna—Blawt brought about th' change?

"Was used a grace when a round his neck."

Chicago Evening News.

## You Will Never Know.

what goes in, comes out after it's taken. It costs no more than pink Alabaster.

## Quale a Taut.

Forty-five trumpeters accompany the king of Abyssinia wherever he goes. Here is a good example who doesn't have to tell them to be beat at San Francisco Bulletin.

Louis F. Walke, 114 St. Louis, Mo., wrote, "I have mentioned to the doctor what he passed. It wasn't Edipino aggression that she feared. The men wondered why she should so urgently bid them see that on strangers. Americans were allowed within the massive gates. There were tempos, even in Manila, she said. When the sisters drove their natty little Filipino team flashed through the lanes and streets at top speed, the spry victory bounding at their heels to the imminent peril of the decky coach and footmen, if not even to the seats of those trim, white-coated, big buttoned top-booted, impulsive little Spanish hussars. The carriage stopped only at certain designated points, and only then when a group of officers stood ready to greet them. Not once had they been menaced by anyone nor approached by any manner fatigued resembling poor Latrobe; and Witchie Garrison was beginning to take heart and look upon that threatening letter as a mad piece of "bluff," when one day the unexpected happened.

[To Be Continued.]

## HUNTING IN CUBA.

Many Domestic Animals Have Run Wild and Now Afford Great Sport.



He knew Gray's voice at once.

Honolulu had told the elder sister of increasing jealousy and suspicion on the colonel's part, of his dreadful rage at Yokohama on learning that even there the very hour of their arrival when the consul came aboard with a batch of letters in his hand, he had one for Mrs. Frost. She had barely glanced at its contents before she was struck with a fit of trembling, tore it in half, and tossed the fragments on the swift ebbing tide, then rushed to her stateroom. There she added a postscript to the long letter penned to Margaret on the voyage; and the purser, not her husband, saw it safely started on the steamer, leaving for San Francisco via Honolulu that very day. That letter beat the ordinary mail, for the Queen was heading seaward, even as the galleys came steaming in the guard-protected harbor, and a little packet was tossed aboard the new troop ship as she sped away, one missile in its telling Witchie Garrison that the man whose life had been wrecked by her sister's enforced desertion was already in Manila awaiting her coming, and telling her, moreover, that the packet placed to her earlier letters. In his reckless wrath Latrobe had told her that those which bound her to him by the most solemn pledges, those that vowed undying love and devotion, were still in his hands, and that she should see him and them when at last she reached Manila.

Three mortal weeks had the sisters been there together, and never once in that time did Nita venture forth except when under the escort of her black-browed husband or the protection of her smiling, witching, yet vigilant Margaret. Never once had their hours been approached by anyone who bore resemblance to the dreaded lover. All along the Calle Real, where were the quarters of many officers, little guards of regiments were stationed; for black rumors of Filipino uprising came with every few days, and some men's hearts were failing them for fear when they thought of the panoply of their numbers as compared with the thousands of fanatical natives to whom the taking of human life was of less account than the loss of a game chicken, and in whose tight assassination was a virtue when 'twas rid one of 'em. Already

C. B. Goldthwaite, Druggist, Troy, Ala., wrote, February 28, 1899,

"FOR GRANULATED EYELIDS, I would not take \$500.00 for the good

Palmer's Lotion

has done my son, who had been in care of a physician for 15 months."

## Lotion Soap

Prevents and assists, in curing sore eyes and sore eyelids. At druggists only.

CHARLES E. HARRISON, Manufacturer, Indianapolis, Ind.

LOOK OUT!

For your family's comfort and your own.

HIRE'S Rootbeer

will contain more in it than a gallon of lace, 5 gallons for 25 cents.

Write for sample and order.

CHARLES E. HARRISON, Manufacturer, Indianapolis, Ind.

The Question of Dessert

Is easily and simply solved with a package of Burnham's Hasty Jello. It is only necessary to dissolve a package of it in boiling water and set away to cool. The result is a delightfully pure jelly, and an ideal dessert.

The flavors are orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and the unflavored "edifood" for making wine and coffee jellies. All grocers sell it.

ROOFING

The best Red Roof Roofing for the roof of your house.

Included, Bobbinets for plaster, nail heads, etc.

THE FAT MANILA ROOFING CO., CAMDEN, N. J.

\$5.00 A DAY!



## LOST FAITH IN EACH OTHER.

How the First Drunk Destroyed Human Confidence and Wrecked Promising Careers.

A Springfield politician tells a queer story of how two former members of the legislature took to drink.

"Two young fellows from the congressional district where I used to live," said he, "were elected to the legislature from adjoining counties. One was elected one term and reelected the next. The other was first elected at the beginning of his friend's second term. The two-term man was Bill. I won't tell you his last name. The other's first name was Joe."

"Bill and Joe had been playmates in youth; they were related distantly, I think, and each had a high opinion of the other. Neither drank—that is, before they took their first drinks, but I am getting ahead of my story. If anyone had told Joe that Bill had ever taken a drink, the farmer's head would have been punched. Each thought the other incapable of a mean act, and, as a matter of fact, it would have been hard to find two finer young fellows."

"Bill had a bad cold the first day of the new session, and I advised him to take a hot whisky. He didn't like the idea, and I have never forgiven myself



WITH A GLASS IN HIS HAND.

for insisting that it was the only thing to trace him up. 'We can't go to the saloon, though,' said he, and I agreed with him. I then took him to a place in behind a grocery store, a famous resort for politicians who want to get in but without being seen in a saloon."

"Tired up along every wall of the rear room were barrels. There were a hundred barrels of strong drink in the place. The bartender—if you could call the man that where there wasn't any bar—drew a flask-sized whisky for Bill and one about the size of a house for me. Just as we clinked our glasses and put them to our lips I saw a look of ashy paleness come over Bill's face. I followed his eyes, which were toward the door, and there was Joe, with a glass in his hand, ready for a drink. A remark from a man near Joe did the business."

"I told you we'd find Bill here," he said to Joe, intending it as a joke. Both men looked white, and nothing could have convinced Joe that Bill hadn't been in the habit of spending his time among all those barrels boozing. I later learned that Joe had also had a cold, and that his friend had brought him in the same way I had Bill. I found it out too late, however. The mischief had been done. From that time forward each doubted the other. Both tried to explain, but neither believed the other. The upshot of it was that both lost their faith in human nature, and ultimately both really took to drinking. It was a little at a time at first, but the amount increased until finally they became merely good felons. Both voted for a bad piece of legislation later and were defeated for re-nomination."—Chicago Daily News.

## TEMPERANCE DRIFT.

The Free Church Temperance society of Scotland is celebrating its jubilee this year.

The first temperance journal to be published in Russia is the *Vestnik Tresostoy* (Messenger of Temperance). Its first issue appeared September 1, 1899.

Temperance people will watch with interest the feelings of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers during the present Transvaal campaign, for 500 men of the battalion are staunch teetotalers.

The United Norwegian Lutheran church, which numbers 225,000 members, at its recent convention at St. Paul memorialized President McKinley on the centene question.

The late Mr. Cadbury, the founder of the Birmingham temperance institute, directed that £37,500 be specifically bequeathed, besides legacies for religious institutions. The London temperance hospital will get £10,000.

Temperance work is having auspicious beginnings in Chile. Good Temperance and open societies have been successful, hold many meetings and do aggressive work. There are prominent physicians at the capital and elsewhere and other public men who advocate restriction and total abstinence.

## AN AMERICAN CITY.

Twenty-six thousand arrests for drunkenness a year and 200 imprisonments is the appalling record of one of the most enlightened of American cities. It means one arrest to every four families. The net cost to the city, therefore more than \$100,000.

## THE VOICE OF SCIENCE.

How Must Alcohol Be Classified—Is It a Poison to the Stomach?

G. Dr. Bleuler, *Switzerland Journal of Inebriety*, April, 1899, page 178)—The physiological effect of alcohol is that of a poison, whose use is to be limited to the utmost. Even the moderate use as now practiced is injurious.

Dr. Belaval, *French Journal of Hygiene*—Perfectly pure ethyl-alcohol itself exercises a dangerous action upon the animal economy and must be considered as a true poison.

Dr. Adolf Fick, late professor of physiology, Wurzburg university, Germany (international reputation)—In an exhaustive definition we shall have to class every substance as a poison which, on becoming mixed with the blood, causes a disturbance in the functions of any organ. That alcohol is such a substance cannot be doubted.

Very appropriately has the English language named the disturbance caused by alcohol beverages Intoxication, which, by derivation, means poisoning.

Dr. J. E. Payne (address published in *London Lancet*, December, 1888), considering at length the question as to whether alcohol is a poison, defines a poison as "a substance capable of injuring the body, either by causing damage to the tissues or by producing functional disturbance." He concluded that alcohol is a poison in both senses.

Dr. A. Forel, professor of nervous diseases, University of Zurich, Switzerland—Alcohol, even when diluted as in wine, beer and cider, is a poison which changes pathologically the tissues of the body and leads to fatty degeneration. Of course I am not speaking here of the small doses. However, the latter (for example, a glass of wine or a half-liter of beer) is also injurious because it injures the brain by producing paralysis and disarrangement of function; that is clearly demonstrated by experiments of Kneippin, Smith, Einser, Aschaffenburg, etc. The same has never been controverted. The most moderate drinking of alcohol is quite useless for the individuals, but by means of example and fashion produces an incalculable social injury and misery of the mass, because all cannot remain moderate, and the strictly moderate remains at least the exception.—*London Signal*.

## ONE OF THE CAUSES.

One Feeding and Consequent Poverty of Blood Results in Excessive Ardent Spirits.

It is now pretty well understood that bad feeding and consequent poverty of blood creates a craving for ardent spirits. In those to whom the necessities of life come only in inadequate supply, when the workingman's wife has learned the value of a good hot meal for a tired, hungry man, and knows how to prepare it, there may be less need of temperance associations and liquor licensing laws. There is reason to hope that the cooking lessons now included in the school board curriculum may effect an improvement in the dietary of the working classes; for there is little doubt that in many such homes it has not been so much the want of material as the want of skill to turn what was at hand to good account. In the course of time, too, the instructions the young scholars are receiving in the industrial departments ought to make them more efficient servants, as well as housewives, a combination devoutly to be desired by employers, as hitherto there has been no branch of culture, excepting domestic service, where some kind of apprenticeship has not been required and where the doubtful pleasure of teaching has been confined with the penalty of paying for incapacity and sometimes hopeless stupidity.—*Chattos' Journal*.

**MUST NOT IMBIBE ABSINTHE.**

Ban Placed Upon It by the French Minister of War, Gen. Gallifet.

A very important decision was promulgated by the French minister of war, Gen. Gallifet, and one which is particularly noteworthy in a country like France, where the consumption of brandy and so-called "aperitifs" such as absinthe and vermouth, is so prevalent, the "aperitif" hour, between six and seven p.m., being a regular institution in France, and especially in Paris.

For some time the leading medical men have been strongly condemning the practice, deeming that the chief brandy and alcoholic concoctions sold as "aperitifs" are rapidly filling the lucrative nostrums of the country.

Recently a number of military chiefs prohibited the sale of such drinks in the barracks and camps under their command. Gen. Gallifet now comes on a decree making this prohibition general throughout the French army. No brandy or other spirits and no so-called "aperitif" may henceforth be sold, although wine, beer and cider are still allowed as innocuous beverages.

Gen. de Gallifet says this decision taken not only for the sake of uniformity in army regulations, but to extend to the entire army a beneficent measure which should not be confined to certain corps.

**CURE OF A CITY.**

Dr. A. P. Schmidler says in the St. Louis Christian Advocate: "In a certain city, 1,000 saloons are doing business. These take in on an average \$15 per day. This makes the awful sum of \$3,500,000 spent every year in that city for intoxicating drink." After summarizing a long list of things most desirable for the municipality and individuals with this money would buy the worthy doctor adds that enough bars follow by opening his ears to it. Denfness helps the evil supplier to hold his tongue.—S. S. Times.

**THE WAY TO HEAVEN.**

The way to Heaven is by Weeping-tross—English Proverb.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson in the International Series for June 10, 1899—Death of John the Baptist.

(Prepared by H. C. Lenington—The Lesson Text: Mark 6:14-29.)

And King Herod heard of Him (for His name was spread abroad); and he said: That John the Baptist was risen from the dead, and therefore mighty works do show forth themselves in Him. The others said: That it is Elias. And others said: That it is a prophet, or as one of the great prophets.

But when Herod heard thereof, he said: It is John, whom I beheaded; he is risen from the dead.

For Herod had sent forth and laid hold upon John, and bound him in prison for Herodias' sake, his brother Philip's wife; for he had married her.

For John had to stand before Herod: It is not lawful for thee to have thy brother's wife.

Therefore Herod had a quarrel against him, and would have killed him, but she could not.

For Herod feared John, knowing that he was a just man and an holy, and observed him; and when he heard him, he did many things, and heard him gladly.

And when convenient day was come, that Herod on his birthday made a supper to his lords, high captains, and other estates of Galilee;

And when the daughter of the said Herodias came in, and danced, and pleased Herod and them that sat with him, the king said unto the damsel: Ask of me whatsoever thou wilt, and I will give it thee.

And be aware unto her, whatsoever thou shalt ask of me, I will give it thee, unto the half of my kingdom.

And she went forth, and said unto her mother: What shall I ask? And she said: The head of John the Baptist.

And she came in straightforwardly unto the king, and asked, saying: I wish that thou wouldst give unto me a quarter of the head of John the Baptist.

And the king was exceeding sorry; yet for his oath's sake, and for their sakes which sat with him, he could not refuse her.

And immediately the king sent an executioner, and commanded his head to be brought, and he went and beheaded him in the prison.

And brought his head in a charger and gave it to the damsel, and the damsel gave it to her mother.

And when his disciples heard of it, they came and took up his corpse, and buried it in a tomb.

**CHILDREN TEXT.**—He that drinketh with wine, wherein is excess; but is filled with the Spirit!—Eph. 5:18.

## NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Herod Antipas, son of Herod the Great, was the Roman ruler over Galilee and Perea with the title of king. It was in this very territory that Jesus had been doing His greatest work. His words and works came in the course of the result of the reflections of the wicked king. What he had said must have been court gossip, and so filtered down to the people generally. We can then make this lesson a study of the character of Herod and of his relations with the brave prophet, John the Baptist, noting especially:

Herod's Troubled Conscience. Herod's Character.

Herod's Troubled Conscience.—There never yet has been a guilty conscience but that it has been manifested in some outward word or act. Herod had committed a great and dreadful crime, and it torments him when one might think his thoughts were furthest from it. The wonderful works that Jesus has been doing during the autumn of A. D. 28 and the following winter are related to him. Nothing had been said about John, yet the guilty mind of the king immediately associates the two great and good men. It might seem, and probably was the fact, that good men were generally committed at that court. Here were two who rose far above the average, the king and the saint who sat with him.

John had been imprisoned and murdered; another arises, says nothing about the king, simply going about telling the glad tidings of the kingdom and doing good. While the works of Jesus were being told Herod reviews his great crime.

Herod's Character.—This incident reveals the kind of man Herod was. Bad associations was one of his failings. Then he had been guilty of breaking one of the laws of the decalogue in taking to himself his brother's wife.

John had said this was not lawful, and the king's intelligence had not been blunted so far as to deny it. But he could stand out against his wife far enough to save the life of John from her hands. This, however, was not strength of mind, but the reverse, probably superstition at least akin to that was his fear of killing "just man and an holy." But this dread of consequences was not so strong as one other characteristic of Herod's nature. He could not stand the scour of his own consciences. It was "for his oath's sake and for their sakes which sat with him" that John was finally beheaded, and we may well suppose that it was not so much for the oath's sake as for fear of the scour of those with him. If it had been solely for his oath's sake, he would probably have let his first refusal to help John stand.

Herod's Crime.—Herod's crime was the beheading of John the Baptist. John was imprisoned in Macheras, a strong fortress and castle on the borders of Arabia, nine miles east of the northern end of the Dead sea, in March or April, A. D. 28. He was beheaded a year later. The net shows how a crime grows. He had been rebuked by John for what he knew was a sin. Instead of repenting, he imprisoned the Lord's messenger. But he had not meant to take his life, yet just this is what eventually happened.

**FAIR AND TONGUES.**

Tongues alone cannot work much mischief in the world. It takes ears to make the work of tongues complete and efficient. If tongues must be trifled, ears must be stopped. Many a man who would not tell an impure story or give impetus to a ribald jest will tell his part in demoralizing himself and his fellows by opening his ears to it. Denfness helps the evil supplier to hold his tongue.—S. S. Times.

## THE WAY TO HEAVEN.

The way to Heaven is by Weeping-tross—English Proverb.

## Sleep Changes the Verdict.

The jury in a recent law suit unanimously agreed upon the verdict, sealed it and went home to bed. After sleeping over it, they went home the next morning. This shows the power of sleep to strengthen the human mind. Those who are troubled with insomnia should try the following: Take three Liniment, this remains in good condition and induces sweet, sound sleep. It is the best of remedies for kidney, liver and blood disorders.

**The Victims, in Boston.**

"Yes," replied the Boston parent, "a boy soon acquires vicious habits if he is suffered to mingle with street boys. Once I thought otherwise, and permitted my son to choose his playmates as chance should throw them in his way. It wasn't a sir, until that boy, in spite of his hereditary tendencies and the careful home training he had received, was asking me hypothetical questions that simply rocked with causality!"—Puck.

## In the Lake Country

of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, there are hundreds of the most charming Summer Resorts awaiting the arrival of thousands of tourists from the South and East.

Among the list of near by places are Lake Delavan, Landerdale, Waukesha, Menomonee, Palmyra, The Delta at Kinnelon, Elkhart and Madison, while a little further off are Minocqua, Star Lake, Forestville, Menomonie, Montevideo and Marquette on Lake Superior.

For pamphlet of "Summer Homes for 1900," or for copy of our handsomely illustrated Summer book, entitled "In the Lake Country," apply to nearest ticket agent or address with four cents postage, Geo. H. Headford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

## Particular About His Shoes.

A western couple who were on a visit to New York for the first time put up at the Waldorf-Astoria during their stay in this city, and what was left of their first day in New York they largely devoted to viewing the decorations of the hotel. The marble room, the Astor gallery and the great ballroom were viewed by them, and the magnificence of the appointments and ornate decorations left them breathless. They said little, however, concerning the cost, and when in emulation of his railroad brethren and inquires if "she" is on time. A month's business has demonstrated that it is a success. The Big Four's motto is "Comfort in travel," and the train always lives up to the motto, as a trip on it will prove to those who desire every convenience in travel. A letter to the General Office of the Big Four at Cincinnati about any of their trains will always receive a prompt and courteous reply.

**One Night to Denver.**

Via Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line. "Colorado Special" leaves Chicago at 6:00 every morning, arriving at Denver at 10:30 a.m. After a short stop at Colorado Springs and Manitou and a noonette, the train goes on to Durango, a change of cars. All meals are in dining cars. Another fast train at 10:30 P. M. Italy. New book "Idaho," illustrated, mailed on receipt of four cents postage. Ticket Offices, Chicago & North-Western Ry., 103 Clark St., and Wells St. Station.

## Penny Williams, Perhaps.

Mr. Homewood—Are you doing any gardening this spring?

Mr. Wilkinsburg—I have made a beginning. I planted a cat under a peach tree yesterday evening.—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

## Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes Feel Easy. Cures Corns, Itching, Swollen Hot, Callous, Smarting, Sore and Swell'd Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## The Proper Term.

The Maid—Marriage is promotion. The Bachelor—You mean coquettish, don't you?—Chicago Evening News.

## To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money! It fails to cure 25c.

## A Girl's Estimate of Men.

A girl may have ten brothers, but her opinion of men is derived from reading of those in novels.—Atchison Globe.

Remember that Glenn's Sulphur Soap presents all the advantages of sulphur baths. Try it.

Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c.

No woman should think of marrying until she acquires a forgiving disposition.—Chicago Daily News.

Sweet and fruit salts will not discolor goods dyed with Petsem Fadless Dye. Sold by all druggists.

## MARKET REPORT.

Cincinnati, June 1.

**CATTLE.**—Common ... \$1.25 60 4.60

# BEREA COLLEGE

REV. WM. G. FROST, Ph. D., President.

Fall Term begins Sept. 12. & Winter Term begins Dec. 12.

## NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

1900-1901

General Instructors: The College Faculty.

Special Instructors: Prof. Dinsmore, Mrs. Putnam,

Tutor Matheny.

Lecturer: Dr. Mayo.

Berea College has always been famous for its teachers. The State Superintendent has stated that Berea does more for the Common Schools of Kentucky than any other institution in the State. Its teachers are wanted everywhere.

The Normal Department is organized to give the best training possible to teachers. Classes are so arranged as to accomodate teachers, and experience in teaching may count in the course. Its diploma is the highest recommendation for scholarship and training.

### Preparation in the Teachers' Grammar School Course.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** English, Arithmetic, U. S. History, Reading, Grammar, Arithmetic, U. S. History, Physiology, Grammatic, Arithmetic, U. S. History, Civil Government, Teachers' Training Class, Bible study, Composition, Lectures on Farm and Home Topics, and Music attend the course.

#### FULL NORMAL COURSE.

This course requires three years beyond the grammar schools, with studies arranged as follows:

##### FIRST.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Arithmetic I, 5; Grammar, 5; Elocution, 5; Drawing, 3; Algebra I, 5; Botany, 1, 5; Civics, 3; Reviews, 2; Bookkeeping, 3.

##### SECOND.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Algebra II, 4; Composition, 5; Zoölogy, 5; Drawing, 3; Algebra II, 4; Practice, 5; History in Higher Arithmetic a, 3; Music, 2; Algebra II, 4; History II, 5; Higher Arithmetic b, 3; Music, 2.

##### THIRD.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Geometry or Physics, 4; Classics, 5; Chica, 5; Practice, 5; Education, 3; Geometry or Physics, 4; English Literature VI, 5; Theory and Review, 5; History of Education, 3; Geometry or Physics, 4; Psychology, 5; Word Study, 3; Reviews, 2; School Admin., 3.

#### TEACHERS' NORMAL COURSE.

For the convenience of persons already engaged in teaching, a special course is provided, occupying the winter and spring of each year in study and the fall in teaching.

Students admitted to this course must give evidence of having taught at least one term under a county certificate, and in case of special deficiencies may be required to take some studies in the Model Schools.

##### FIRST

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Teaching in Public Schools, Arithmetic IIa, 5; English, 5; Theory and U. S. History, 5; Geography, 3; Arithmetic III, 5; Grammar, 5; Civics, 3; Reviews, 2; Physiology, 3.

##### SECOND.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Teaching in Public Schools, Algebra IIa, 5; Physical Geography, 5; Higher Arithmetic a, 3; Practice, 5; Music, 2; Algebra II, 5; Botany, 1, 5; Higher Arithmetic b, 3; Practice, 5; Music, 2.

##### THIRD.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Teaching in Public Schools, English Literature VI, 5; History II, 5; Theory and Review, 5; Hist. of Education, 3; Psychology (E. L. V.), 5; History II, 5; Word Study, 3; Reviews, 2; School Admin., 3.

#### SHORT APPRENTICESHIPS.

For the benefit of those who are unable to take a fuller preparation for life's work arrangement is made to give two years of special training in farming, carpentry, printing, or household economy and sewing while they devote one-half their time to study in the schools. Apprentices admitted to such training must be as far advanced at least as the highest intermediate grade [see Catalogue—A Intermediate Outline of Instruction], and must show a general fitness for the work. A limited number of applicants can be received, and early inquiry will insure first consideration.

#### TRAINING FOR NURSES.

The Berea General Hospital gives to several young women a two year's course of training as nurses. Applicants to the first year, or probationers' class, must be mature young women of good character and health, and without relatives dependent upon them who might interrupt their course of study. They must also have some education in the common branches.

They will reside at Ladies' Hall or in approved boarding places, like other students, and receive one lesson a day in the Hospital, with additional instruction in such classes of the other departments of the Institution as the Superintendent may select for them.

The instruction this year will cover common physiology and hygiene, the taking of temperature, keeping of records, diet for the sick, disinfection, and general accuracy and fidelity in following a doctor's directions. Young women who complete this year's course in a satisfactory manner will be recommended, not as nurses, but as *emergency helpers* who in cases when nurses cannot be obtained may be employed to care for the sick, under the direction of a doctor.

A limited number of the most promising students who have completed the course as *emergency helpers* will be admitted to a second year of instruction. They will reside in the hospital, receiving their incidental fee, board, and uniform without expense, and render active service in maintenance of the Hospital and care of its patients, as well as in such cases outside the Hospital as the Superintendent may assign.

The second year course covers twelve months of continuous residence and service in the Hospital, with regular practice as well as systematic instruction from manuals and text-books furnished by the Institution, and on its satisfactory completion a certificate will be given. Each young woman entering upon this year will sign an agreement to continue to the completion of the course.

#### COURSES OF APPLIED SCIENCE.

Parallel with the Normal Course and requiring the same preparation in the Model Schools or elsewhere are courses fitting for highest usefulness upon the farm, in the shop, and in the household. These cover two years beyond the Grammar grades, including such studies as all good citizens need in their everyday life, and training in the everyday arts of the farm, shop, or the home. The completion of one of these courses is recognized by a diploma.

##### FARM ECONOMY, TWO YEARS.

###### FIRST.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Arithmetic I, 5; English Sentence, 5; Farming, 5; Drawing, 3; Algebra Ia, 5; Physical Geography, 5; Woodwork, 5; Drawing, 3; Algebra Ib, 5; Botany, 1, 5; Gardening, 5; Bookkeeping, 3.

###### SECOND.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Composition, 5; Botany II, 5; Physiology, 5; Drawing, 3; U. S. History a, 5; Horticulture, 5; Farm Management, 3; Animal Husbandry, 5.

##### HOME ECONOMY, TWO YEARS.

###### FIRST.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Arithmetic I, 5; English Sentence, 5; Sewing, 5; Drawing, 3; Algebra Ia, 5; Physical Geography, 5; Cooking, 5; Drawing, 3; Algebra Ib, 5; Botany, 1, 5; Gardening, 5; Bookkeeping, 3.

###### SECOND.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** Composition, 5; Physiology, 5; Cooking, 5; Drawing, 3; U. S. History a, 5; Household Economy, 5; Dressmaking, 5; History of Education, 5.

##### SECOND.

**FALL, WINTER, SPRING.** U. S. History b, 5; Special Hygiene, 5; Dairying, 5; Word Study, 3.

## The Counties.

### Jackson County.

#### Green Hall.

Uncle Dan Strong, the oldest citizen of this county, died June 1.

Mr. E. B. Flanery and wife visited his father, R. M. Flanery, Sunday.

Mr. McQueen, of Traveler's Rest, visited his cousin Miss Cora Mudman of this place.

Misses Mary and Nora Wilson, who have lately returned home from London, Ky., where they had been attending school, visited friends at this place Saturday.

#### Wolfe County.

##### Lee City.

County Judge, G. T. Center, was in our town the 28th looking after whiskey dealers, and other violations of law and reports 15 to 20 cases.

James Dykes who shot Jack Miller while under the influence of liquor, was tried by J. P. Rose and bound over under \$1500 bond.

Drs. McKee and Tanbell, of Hazelgreen, and Dr. J. R. Carroll, of this place, have been attending Mr. Miller who was shot.

There is to be a S. S. Celebration the 4th of July at Lee City. There will also be a celebration at the Bethel Congregation Church at Spradling.

#### Madison County.

##### Peytonstown.

J. C. Burnam was down from Berea last Sunday.

C. F. Burnam, now of Richmond, was here Sunday visiting friends.

G. W. Wright went to Richmond last week on business.

Hon. John D. Harris and wife went to Richmond yesterday.

Miss Nannie V. Miller, of Terrell, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Howard White Sunday.

Miss Mary V. White, who is attending school at Berea, came down last Saturday to visit relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Duerson of Burnamtown was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Green Campbell Sunday evening.

## SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

### THE FARM.

#### THE COW.

A Class Essay at Berea College by EDWARD P. DUNCAN.

(Continued from last week.)

#### Care of the cow.

A good cow and good feed well fed

are two essentials in milk production but they are no more essential than a good attendant and caretaker. He should be quiet, gentle, regular, even tempered and clean. He should arrange the work so that each division of it should have a time for doing, and then he should do it at that time.

He should always work to the cow's comfort. He should not be a user of tobacco, as a cow despises the smell.

He should see that she has a dry, light, roomy stall—or in one word he should see that she is *comfortable*.

He should see that her feed is not musty, dirty, decayed or frozen. In milking he should exercise great care and cleanliness. Her udder and flank should be clean, and if not they should be sponged with warm water and wiped dry. There should be no dust flying at milking time. As a milker he should be quiet, quick, and complete. For at least ten or fifteen minutes each day he should rub her with a fibre brush or a piece of bagging. She should be rubbed sufficiently to keep her free from dirt and dead skin. This rubbing gives enjoyment to the cow, and whatever gives her enjoyment helps to fill up the milk-pail a little fuller with milk.

#### Save the Manure.

The manure is another important consideration and neglect of this resource causes losses which should be avoided.

The manure should and will pay for all extra work. The individual keeping only a single cow deems it unnecessary to build a receptacle for the storage of manure usually assuming the cost to be greater than it really is. Commercial fertilizers have, in a great measure, caused the indifference with which this great resource is often regarded but it is much better, economically and otherwise, to buy food to make fertilizers than to buy fertilizers to make food.

The dried manure of a cow is nearly one-half of the food consumed, but the manure produced contains 85 to 90 per cent of moisture, thus 100 pounds of dry manure makes from 375 to 400 pounds of manure, and to this must be added the bedding used, so that when a cow consumes 23 to 27 pounds of dry matter per day a quantity of manure amounting to 15 or 20 tons per year would be made. The value of liquid manure is often lost sight of in practice, but it is by far the most important. Liquid manure from the cow is especially rich in nitrogen.

(Continued next week.)

#### Agriculture.

##### PROFESSOR MR. THOMAS.

I. GENERAL FARMING.—Field work, fencing, draining, road making, and care of stock. Fall term, five hours a week.

II. FARM MANAGEMENT.—Lectures upon farm economy in crops, stock, buildings, etc. Winter term, five hours a week.

III. ANIMAL HUSBANDRY.—Outline descriptions of various breeds of stock and the best methods of breeding and handling domestic animals. Winter term, five hours a week.

IV. FARM CROPS.—Adaptation of farm crops to soil and season. Systems of rotation and best methods of seed sowing, tillage, gathering, and storing.

#### Horticulture and Forestry.

##### Horticulture.

##### PROFESSOR MR. THOMAS.

PRINCIPLES OF PLANT CULTURE.—Golf. Supplemented by practical lessons in nursery work of making cuttings, grafting and pruning. Winter term, five hours a week.

FRUIT CULTURE.—A study of the cultivated fruits of the United States, their botanical relations, methods of culture, storing and marketing. Lectures and library research. Spring term, five hours a week.

CULTURE OF VEGETABLES AND HERBALS.—Home and market gardening. Use of hotbeds, cold frames, and greenhouses. Lectures, garden practice, and library research. Spring term, five hours a week.

\* A card catalogue of 16,000 U. S. Experiment Station index cards enables the student to use the bulletins published on these topics. Standard horticultural books and journals will be available for consultation.

#### Forestry.

##### PROFESSOR MR. THOMAS.

A BOTANICAL STUDY of the most important and valuable of the forest trees of the United States, their range, adaptation to different soils and climates. The large list of species found in the region near Berea will afford the basis of this study and collection of leaves, twigs, and fruit will be required. Lectures, field studies, excursions. Fall term, five hours a week, every year.

FOREST INFLUENCES AND FOREST UTILITy.—Value of forests as affecting climate, controlling flow of streams, forming and maintaining soils. Study of the economic products of the forest, and their preparation and uses. Estimating value of timber, logs, lumber, boards, poles, growth, harvesting, cutting, forest crops. Winter term, lectures three hours, library and field two hours a week, every year.

FOREST MANAGEMENT.—The formation and general treatment of forest growth, from seedlings to mature forest, selection of species, principles of regeneration, thinning, pruning, and tendring. The local forest growth affords fine examples of natural regeneration and growth under different conditions. Lectures and field studies. Spring term, five hours a week, every year.

#### Domestic Economy.

##### MISS STOKES.

SEWING.—Plain and fancy stitching, cutting and fitting garments and the use of the sewing machine. Fall term, five hours a week.

COOKING.—Practical lesson in preparation and care of palatable and nutritious food. Winter term, five hours a week.

BATHTAKING.—In bathtaking and cheese making, with instructions in the qualities of milk and its proper handling and uses. Spring term, five hours a week.

HYGIENE OF THE HOME.—Lectures on topography connected with the health of the household, such as food, air, exercise, clothing, temperature, and care in the sick room. Spring term, five hours a week.

Training in sewing and cooking is also given to girls in the A and B Grammar schools, occupying 1 hour a week during each year.

Four young women are placed under direction of the matron of the Model Cottage for training in all duties of the house hold and perform these duties in return for a part of board and room rent.

#### Woodwork.

##### STUDENT KING.

EDUCATIONAL—Studied a, construction and use of tools, exercises in construction of a series of graded models, and their application in simple articles of utility. Fall winter and spring, two hours a week. B Grammar schools.

b, growth and use of native woods, care of tools, problems in construction of furniture from living trees, and finishing. Fall, winter, and spring two hours a week. A Grammar schools.

These courses are joined with mechanical drawing.

CARP